

Chapter 1 Test

Match the term to its correct description.

- B 1. barter
- C 2. covenant
- A 3. culture
- E 4. profit
- F 5. representative
- D 6. secondary source

- A. way of life
- B. trade goods for other goods
- C. an agreement God made with the Israelites
- D. a model of an item that has survived from the past
- E. extra money made after paying for goods
- F. a leader chosen by the people to act or speak for them

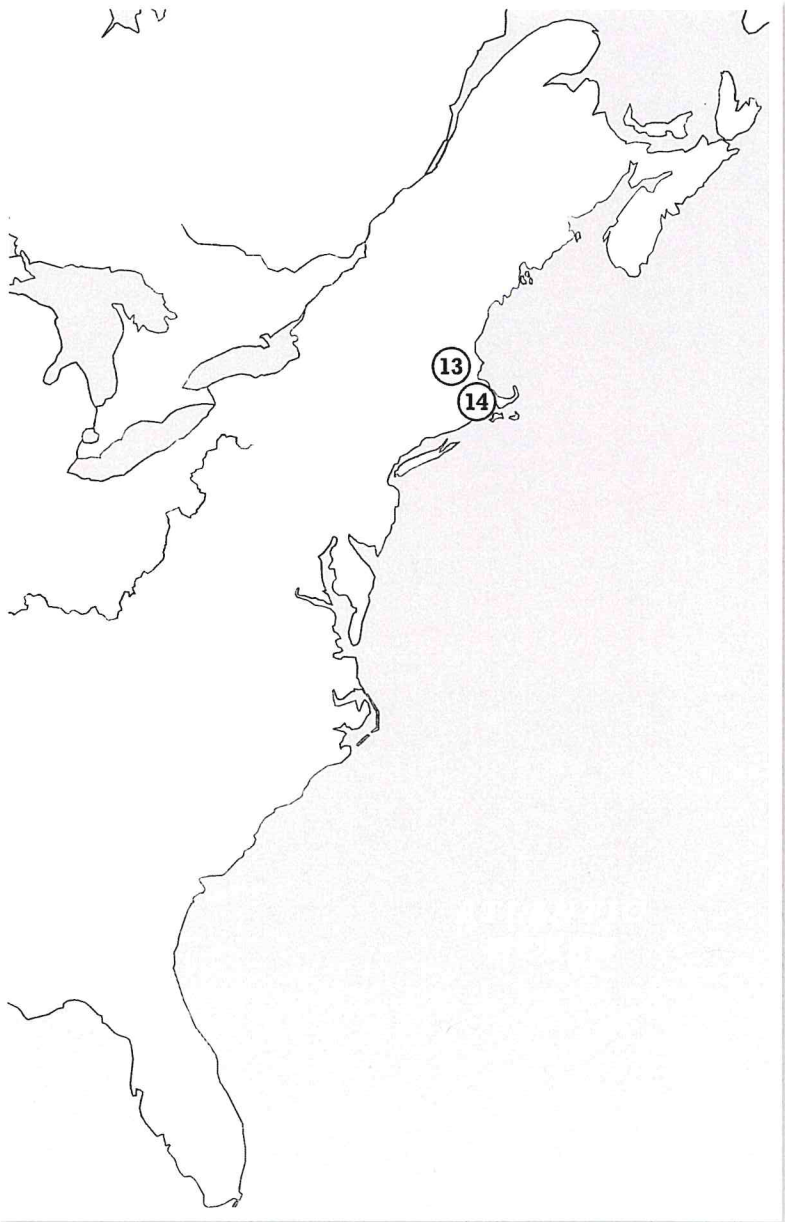
Mark the correct answer.

- 7. When did Christopher Columbus arrive in San Salvador?
 - 1492
 - 1529
 - 1620
- 8. When did the Pilgrims found Plymouth Colony?
 - 1492
 - 1529
 - 1620
- 9. What is the term for items that have survived from the past and were written or made by people who were there when the event happened?
 - primary sources
 - secondary sources
 - documents
- 10. What was the main reason European countries wanted to build colonies in America?
 - for religious freedom
 - for trade
 - to evangelize the Indians

11. What is the name of the revival where many people in America turned to Christ?
- Great Awakening
 - Great Covenant
 - Great Revival
12. What did the Pilgrim leaders call the laws they wrote?
- Massachusetts Bay Compact
 - Mayflower Compact
 - Indentured Compact

Identify each place on the map.

13. Massachusetts Bay Colony
14. Plymouth



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Chapter 2 Test

Complete each sentence.

bill of rights compromise Constitution delegate imports republic

imports

1. Goods that come into a country are called ____.

compromise

2. An agreement that is not exactly what either side wants but something both sides can agree on is called a ____.

republic

3. A government run by representatives is called a ____.

Constitution

4. Nine states had to approve the ____ for it to become law.

bill of rights

5. The Anti-Federalists wanted to add a ____ to the Constitution.

delegate

6. A person who represents a group of people is called a ____.

Mark the correct answer.

7. Who led a rebellion against a state?

- Madison
- Shays
- Mason

8. What is the term for when states approve the Constitution?

- export
- ratify
- republic

9. Who said slavery would “bring the judgment of heaven on a Country”?

- Madison
- Shays
- Mason

10. Who had ideas that formed the basis of the United States Constitution?

- Madison
- Shays
- Mason

Write the main job of each government branch.

11. executive branch— carries out the laws

12. legislative branch— makes the laws

13. judicial branch— decides if laws have been broken

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

- 14. Benjamin Franklin advised the republic to vote for the Constitution.
- 15. The Federalists liked the Constitution.
- 16. A nation needs true religion and a good government to last.

Chapter 3 Test

Answer the question.

1. What term describes a preacher who rode on a planned route to preach in towns that had no preacher? *a circuit-riding preacher*
2. What does the word *precedent* mean? *example*
3. What is a plan for spending and saving money called? *budget*
4. What do we call groups of people who try to gain power in government?
political parties
5. What group of people gives advice to the president? *cabinet*

Mark the correct answer.

6. Who was elected as the second president of the United States?
 Anthony Wayne
 Thomas Jefferson
 John Adams
7. Who defeated the Indians at the Battle of Fallen Timbers?
 Anthony Wayne
 Thomas Jefferson
 John Adams
8. What is the group of people that chooses the president of the United States called?
 political parties
 Electoral College
 Evangelical Christians

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

- 9. Washington set a precedent that a president should serve only two terms.
- 10. Federalists wanted the United States to be powerful in trading and banking.
- 11. Democratic-Republicans believed that wealth made people equal.
- 12. Newspapers started supporting political parties.

Match.

C 13. has a mayor

A 14. has a president

B 15. has a governor

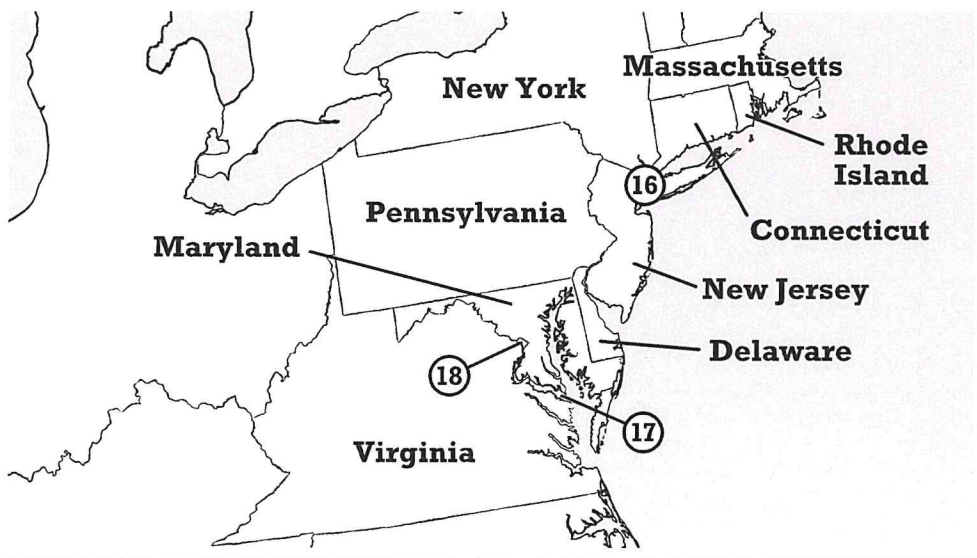
- A. national government
- B. state government
- C. local government

Identify each place on the map.

16. *New York City*

17. *Potomac River*

18. *Washington, DC*



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Chapter 4 Test

Match the term with its definition.

- B 1. natural resource
- C 2. renewable resource
- A 3. nonrenewable resource

- A. something God made that no longer forms today
- B. anything from nature God created for people to use
- C. something God made that can be made again naturally

Mark the correct answer.

4. What is a long trip to explore an unknown area called?
- judicial review
- expedition
- mining
5. What is the term for when the Supreme Court oversees all laws?
- judicial review
- expedition
- Bill of Rights
6. What is the top judge in the Supreme Court called?
- justice
- chief justice
- judge
7. What kind of government is ruled by the people?
- democracy
- justice
- voluntary society
8. What are judges in the Supreme Court called?
- justices
- chief justices
- justices of the peace

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

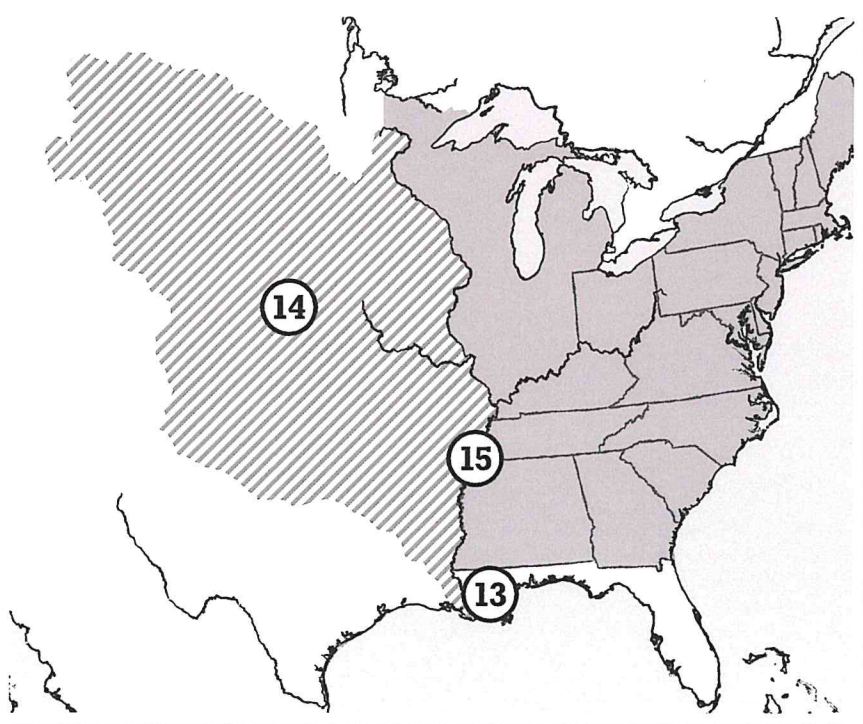
9. The United States bought the Louisiana Territory from the Barbary Pirates.
10. One benefit of buying New Orleans and the Louisiana Territory was that trade from the Mississippi River would not be cut off.
11. The important precedent set with the election of 1800 was that the change in political parties was peaceful.
12. Sacagawea led the expedition to the Louisiana Territory.

Identify each place on the map.

13. *New Orleans*

14. *Louisiana Territory*

15. *Mississippi River*



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Chapter 5 Test

Answer the questions.

1. Who wrote the poem that became America's national anthem?

Francis Scott Key

2. Who saved a painting of George Washington from the White House?

Dolley Madison

3. Who helped write the Constitution and the Bill of Rights and encouraged people to accept them? James Madison

Match the term to its correct description.

B 4. American System

F 5. bill

E 6. Monroe Doctrine

A 7. northerners

C 8. southerners

D 9. veto

- A. focused on shipping and manufacturing
- B. included improvements in transportation, a tariff, and a national bank
- C. grew crops on their farms and plantations
- D. to refuse a bill
- E. a plan that said European nations should not form new colonies in the Americas
- F. a statement of rules that Congress wants to become a law

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

- 10. One reason America went to war with Great Britain in 1812 was that the British supplied the Indians with weapons.
- 11. Government leaders in New York built the Erie Canal to make water transportation easier.
- 12. The northerners wanted low tariffs.

T F

13. One result of the War of 1812 peace treaty was that European countries began to respect America as a truly independent nation.
14. The Missouri Compromise settled problems related to states and manufacturing.

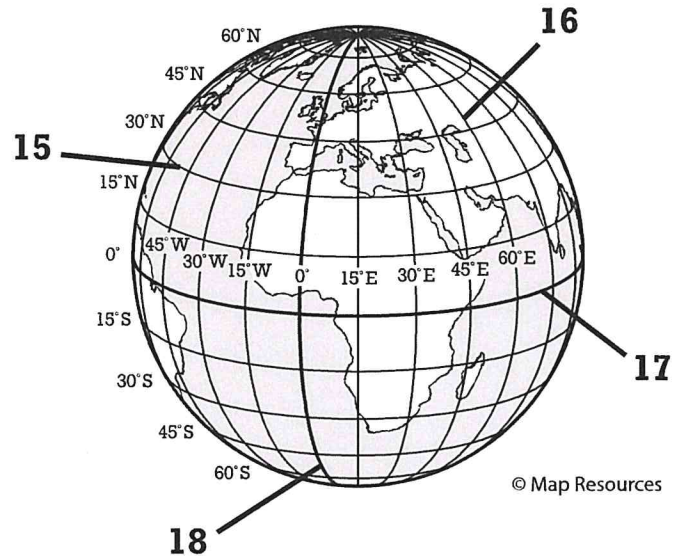
Label the globe.

15. latitude

16. longitude

17. equator

18. prime meridian



Write the letter of the correct answer.

- C 19. What kind of community is outside the city and has towns that are smaller than cities?
A. manufacturing B. urban C. rural
- B 20. What is the term for a change that is made to the Constitution?
A. veto B. amendment C. bill
- C 21. What is a manmade waterway that connects two bodies of water called?
A. manufacturing B. industry C. canal

Chapter 6 Test

Mark the correct answer.

1. What is a statement that tells what a church believes the Bible teaches?
 petition newspaper creed
2. What new way was used to spread news about men running for president?
 petition newspaper creed
3. What written request for a right can be sent to a leader?
 petition newspaper creed
4. What small group of Americans wanted to end slavery right away?
 abolitionists House of Representatives Senate
5. What word means to be outside one's own country?
 abolitionist foreign missionary

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

6. A seminary is a school for training pastors.
7. The first foreign missionary from the United States was Martin Van Buren.
8. The Indian Removal Bill gave the president power to give land to Indians west of the Mississippi.
9. The House of Representatives decides who the judge will be when there is a tie in the Electoral College.

Fill in the blanks.

10. The path the Cherokee Indians traveled west on was called the Trail of Tears.

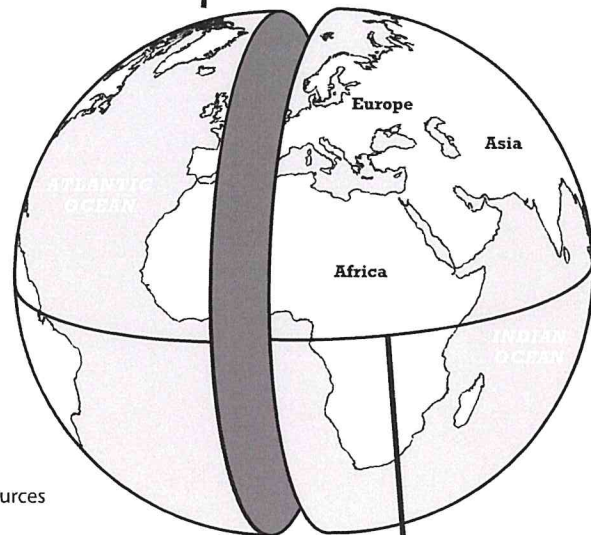
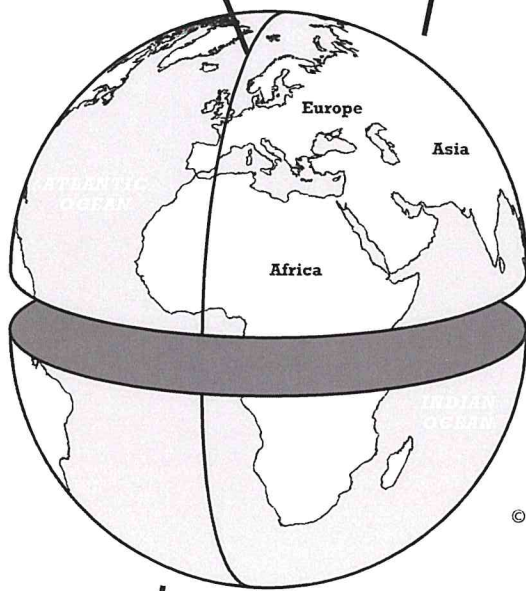
11. The Democratic-Republican Party separated to form the Whigs and the Democrats.

Label the globes.

12. Northern Hemisphere

13. prime meridian

14. Western Hemisphere



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15. Southern Hemisphere

16. equator

17. Eastern Hemisphere

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Chapter 7 Test

Match the term with its description.

- B 1. demand
 E 2. plantation
 A 3. immigrant
 F 4. reform
 C 5. supply
 D 6. telegraph

- A. a person who comes to live in a country from somewhere else
B. amount of goods and services that people want to buy
C. goods that are produced by companies or businesses
D. a new way to send messages by sending pulses of electricity over wires
E. a large amount of land owned by a planter
F. a change to make something better or more just

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

7. One of the benefits the railroad brought to the growing nation was that goods manufactured in the East could be sold in the West.
8. A reaper was used to haul grain in from the fields.
9. One of the changes farms experienced during the growth of the nation was that extra crops could be sold in the cities.
10. Wagon trains were the main kind of transportation that connected cities in the early 1800s.

Answer the question.

11. What was the first telegraph message? "WHAT HATH GOD WROUGHT"

12. Where do ships dock to load and unload goods? ports

13. What right says that only an inventor may make or sell his invention?

 patent

Mark the correct answer.

14. Who invented the telegraph?

- Cyrus McCormick
- Samuel Morse
- Robert Fulton

15. Who invented the reaper?

- Cyrus McCormick
- Samuel Morse
- Robert Fulton

16. What does population density measure?

- number of people working in an area
- number of people living in an area
- number of schools in an area

Chapter 8 Test

Mark the correct answer.

1. Who rushed to California in search of gold?
 pioneers forty-niners merchants
2. What were the people who first settled an area called?
 pioneers forty-niners merchants
3. Who gained the most money from the California gold rush?
 miners merchants pioneers
4. Who gets natural resources from the earth?
 pioneers merchants miners
5. Who was the president of Mexico?
 Santa Anna Sam Houston Brigham Young
6. Who was the president of Texas?
 Santa Anna Sam Houston Brigham Young
7. Who was the leader of the Mormons?
 Henry Spalding Marcus Whitman Brigham Young
8. Who wrote Christian writings and songs in the Nez Perce language?
 Marcus and Narcissa Whitman
 Henry and Eliza Spalding
 Brigham Young
9. What feature on a map shows where an area is located in the world?
 map scale locator map border
10. What can be used to find the actual distance between two places on a map?
 border map scale locator map

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

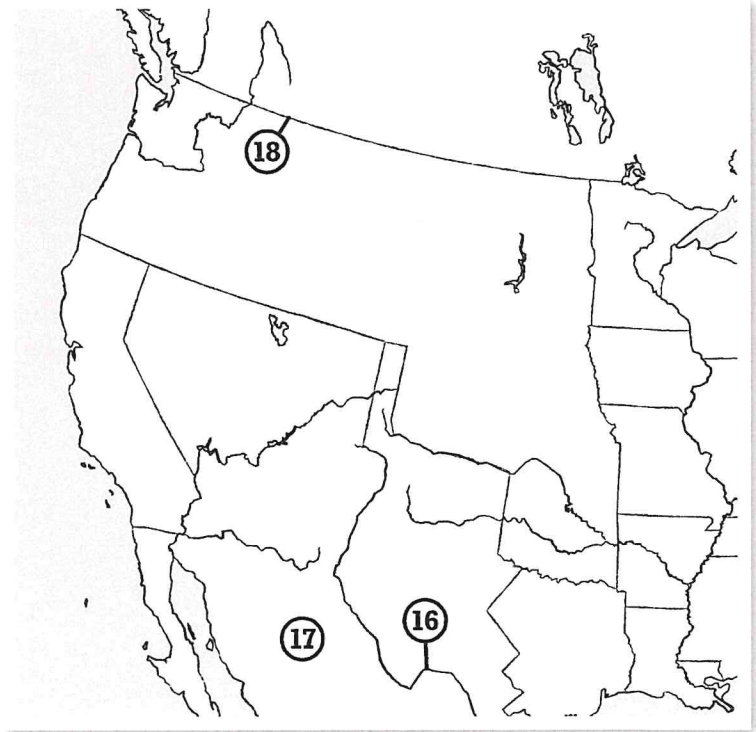
- 11. The gold rush caused California's population growth in 1849.
- 12. Manifest Destiny was the belief that God gave America all the land between California and Mexico.
- 13. Slave owners did not take their slaves to California because they feared they would run away to mine for gold.
- 14. In the war with Mexico, one advantage the Americans had over the Mexicans was that the Americans had better leaders.
- 15. Polk wanted to take California because of all the factories there.

Identify each place on the map.

16. *Rio Grande*

17. *Mexico*

18. *49th parallel*



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Chapter 9 Test

Mark the correct answer.

1. What new party did the Whigs from the North vote to start?
 American Party Republican Party
 Democratic Party Federalist Party
2. What did many southern states do because they did not trust the president to protect their right to own slaves?
 started a new political party compromised
 split the party seceded
3. What group of people thought slavery should end immediately?
 abolitionists the Whig Party
 the Republican Party slave owners
4. What group of people helped runaway slaves?
 slave owners the Whig Party
 Underground Railroad the Republican Party
5. Who escaped slavery in a box?
 Anthony Burns Dred Scott
 Harriet Tubman Henry Brown
6. Whose case went all the way to the Supreme Court?
 Anthony Burns Dred Scott
 Harriet Tubman Henry Brown
7. Whose freedom was bought by free black Americans?
 Anthony Burns Dred Scott
 Harriet Tubman Henry Brown
8. Who worked with the Underground Railroad after escaping from slavery?
 Anthony Burns Dred Scott
 Harriet Tubman Henry Brown

9. Whose plan let people in territories vote to be slave or free?

- John C. Calhoun Anthony Burns
 Henry Clay Zachary Taylor

10. Who believed that slaves were property?

- John C. Calhoun Anthony Burns
 Henry Clay Zachary Taylor

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

11. People in free states thought slaves stole themselves when they ran away.
 12. Kansas was called “Bleeding Kansas” because of all the fighting about slavery.
 13. Abraham Lincoln was born in a log cabin.
 14. James Buchanan improved Clay’s bill by dividing it into five bills.
 15. Zachary Taylor did not want slavery to spread.

Chapter 10 Test

Mark the correct answer.

1. Who was elected president of the United States of America?
 Robert E. Lee Abraham Lincoln
 John Wilkes Booth William Sherman
2. Who was the South's best general?
 Robert E. Lee Abraham Lincoln
 John Wilkes Booth William Sherman
3. Which Confederate general was called "Stonewall"?
 Robert E. Lee Ulysses S. Grant
 Thomas J. Jackson William Sherman
4. Who captured two Confederate forts and thousands of soldiers?
 Robert E. Lee Ulysses S. Grant
 Thomas J. Jackson William Sherman
5. Who was elected president of the Confederate States of America?
 Robert E. Lee Ulysses S. Grant
 Abraham Lincoln Jefferson Davis

Mark *T* if the sentence is true. Mark *F* if the sentence is false.

T F

6. John Wilkes Booth was Lincoln's vice president.
7. Clara Barton risked her life to help the wounded during the Civil War.
8. Lincoln encouraged the country to unite and live in peace.
9. An advantage of the North was that northerners would be fighting on their own land.
10. Having many good generals was an advantage for the South.

Match the description with the correct word.

B 11. to set free

G 12. United States of America

A 13. the law that ended slavery in all states

H 14. Confederate States of America

E 15. an official public announcement

F 16. the courthouse where Lee surrendered to Grant

D 17. a group of citizens trained to defend their country

C 18. God's favor in giving blessings that people do not deserve

- A. Thirteenth Amendment
- B. emancipate
- C. grace
- D. militia
- E. proclamation
- F. Appomattox
- G. Union
- H. Confederacy